

Historic, archived document

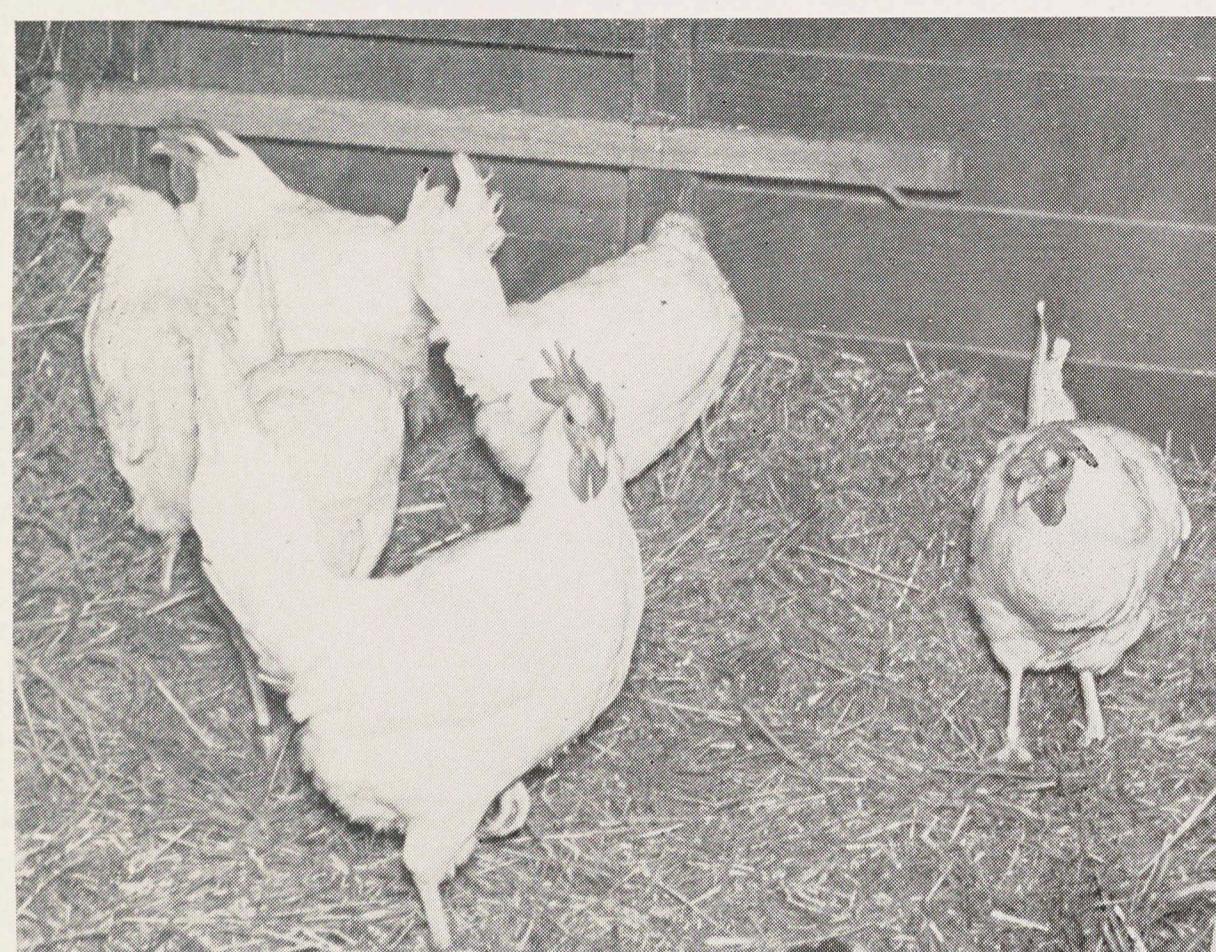
Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

WE MUST PRODUCE!

OUR FIGHTING FORCES - OUR PEOPLE - OUR ALLIES

Must Have the Food and War Materials They Need

EGGS - POULTRY



1. Cull laying flock size to fit house—each hen needs at least $3\frac{1}{2}$ square feet floor space.
2. Feed for egg production.
3. Buy chicks from approved hatcheries.
4. Buy chicks early.
5. Provide summer range to cut feed cost.

CROPS



1. Plant the largest possible acreage of wheat, flax and feed crops.
2. Use only adapted crop varieties.
3. Seed early on well-prepared seedbed.
4. Treat all seed to control diseases.

GARDENS



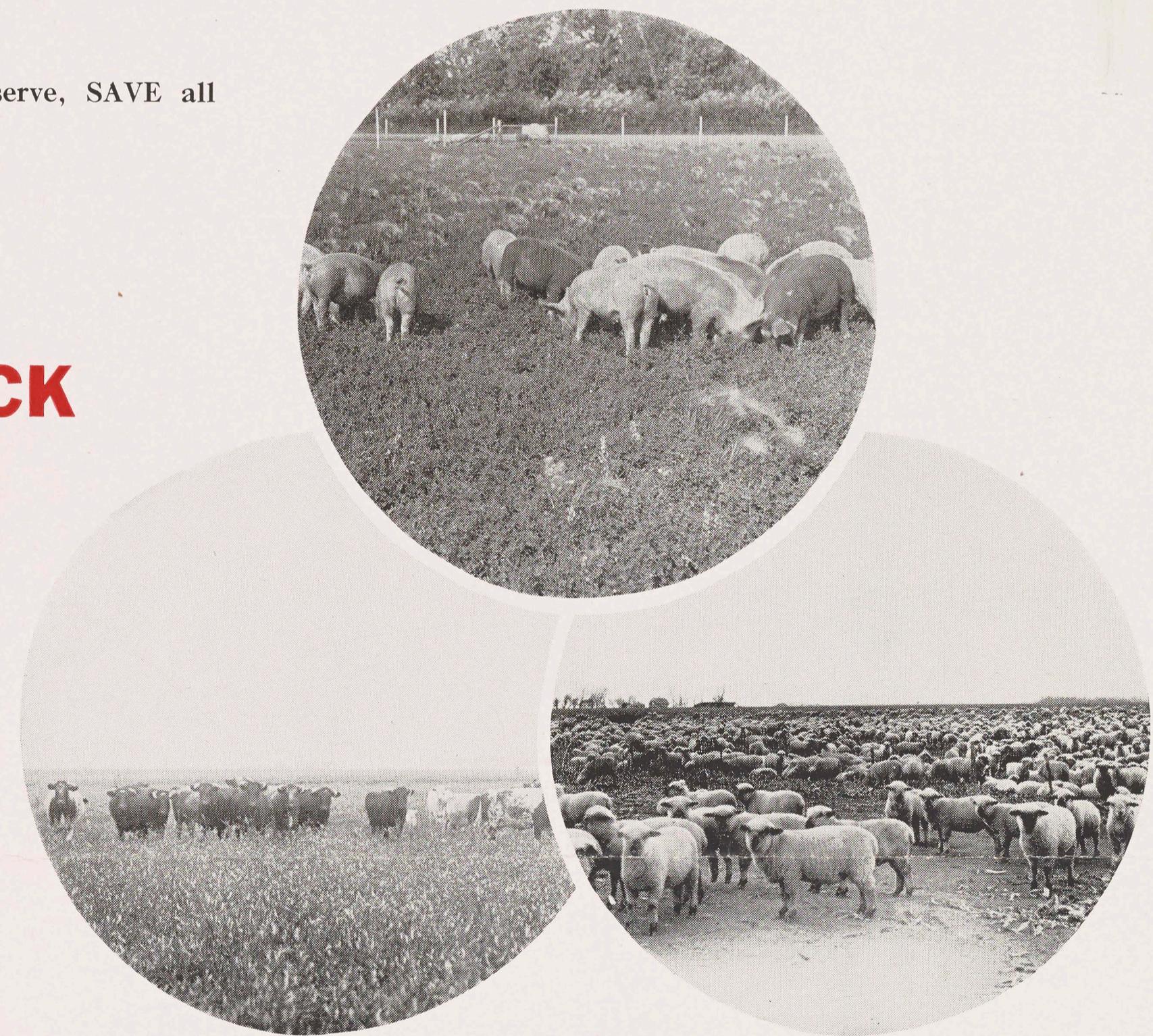
1. Grow bigger gardens in 1944 to insure against drouth.
2. Use recommended varieties.
3. Can, store, freeze, dry, preserve, SAVE all crops produced.

MILK



1. Milk as many cows as labor and time will permit.
2. Feed 1 pound of grain for each 2 quarts of milk produced.
3. Provide good summer pasture.
4. Cut, cure and store hay so as to get highest feeding value.

LIVESTOCK



1. Cull herds or flocks if over-stocked.
2. Provide good pastures for cheap gains.
3. Use good sires.
4. Provide plenty of winter roughage.
5. Plan for a reserve feed supply.

**1944 IS A CRITICAL YEAR ON THE FOOD FRONT
OUR BEST EFFORT IS NEEDED TO DO THE JOB RIGHT**

The Extension Service, North Dakota Agricultural College

For further information see your County Extension Agent